Math421 Group Theory: Assignment 4 April 2006

Please show all working and reasoning to get full marks for any question.

- 1. The octahedron is the regular solid formed by taking two square based pyramids and placing their two bases together.
 - (a) List the rotational symmetries of the octahedron and describe their effects on the faces, edges and vertices.
 - (b) Determine the number of ways in which an octahedron can have:
 - i. 4 faces selected.
 - ii. 1 vertex and 2 edges selected
 - iii. all edges coloured with one of n colours
 - iv. all vertices coloured with one of n colours
 - (c) Check the *n* colour vertex count by substituting n = 2 and n = 3 into your answer and enumerating all of the different ways possible (using symmetry arguments where necessary).
- 2. (a) Which of these are group actions where g is from some group G? Check both axioms for all of the candidate actions.
 - i. $g \circ x := -x$ where $x \in \mathbb{Z}$.
 - ii. $g \circ x := \pi$ where $x \in \mathbb{R}$.
 - iii. $g \circ x := g^x$ where $x \in \mathbb{Z}$.
 - iv. $g \circ x := gxg$ where $x \in G$.
- 3. (a) Find a permutation representation for Q_8 using the method from class.
 - (b) Verify for your representatives of a and b the inverses of all elements and both products of a and b are as expected.
 - (c) Explain why there isn't be a representation for Q_8 which is a subgroup of S_5 .